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Supreme Leader meeting with the Students

In the name of God, the Compassionate, the Merciful. This meeting met the expectations which one has of a student meeting. The dear sisters and brothers who spoke made some well-documented, accurate, and innovative remarks and they offered sound analyses. When one takes an overall look at what was said, he realizes that the main point made in these remarks is sincerity, compassion, and avoidance of quarrels. This is everything which one expects of a young educated person who is considered part of the elite. These were the points which were made. Of course you don't represent the students of the whole country. You may not even represent all of the various preferences and viewpoints which exist among the country's students. But without a doubt, a large number of students follow the same line of thinking and have the differences of opinion which you mentioned during your comments.

I also have a lot to say to you students who are present here and the students of the whole country. As I have said before, I will continue to speak to you dear young people as long as I am capable of making speeches. I have no doubt that this dynamic, inquisitive, assertive, emotional, and affectionate spirit which one witnesses in the country's students will secure the future of not only this country but also that of Islam and the Islamic ummah. You may not fully and deeply

believe in something. But the existence of committed Islamic student movements under different names in the country is promising for the future of not only this country and system but also that of the Islamic ummah. You pay attention to good things and you elaborate on good points. You follow up and pursue good issues. These are strengths which, praise be to God, exist. I would like to talk for a few minutes about some of the things which were asked from me or I think I should explain. Then, if we don't run out of time before the call to prayer, I will mention one or two points which I have in mind.

As far as my friends' (the students) comments are concerned, some of our friends made some important points in their comments about the offenders who worked behind the scene during the recent incidents (post-election unrest) and asked why they were not put on trial, brought to justice, and dealt with. I would like to tell you that when dealing with such significant cases, we can't take action based on speculations, guesses, and rumours. We believe this great system and revolution to be the product of the struggles of a great nation and the great sacrifices made by young people, who during the revolution and the sacred defence (Reference to the 1980-88 Iran-Iraq war) and the era after that up until now have made sacrifices. You are present in different arenas. Sometimes you do great works. One cannot leave decisions about the continuation and the general policies of the state, which need to be made at the leader's level, to guesses and assumptions.

You should know that no crime will remain neglected. However, neither I nor you can be sure of anything (before investigations). You are students who speak freely and I am an experienced individual who has worked for many years. But we are not different in the respect that we cannot ask the justice system to judge in a particular manner. The justice system should see whether there are reasons for condemning an individual as a criminal in political, economic, or various other fields.

If evidence is found then the court will judge accordingly. I also hear many of the rumours that you hear. Many of these rumours may even be true. One may have certain evidence, circumstantial or otherwise, for it. But scattered evidence cannot prove a crime against an individual. You should bear this in mind. Therefore, one cannot say that there is a definite criminal behind the scenes and the state intends to ignore his crimes for a reason or another. This is one point. The other point is that, in view of its overall authority, the state's decisions should be comprehensive considering all sides of issues.

One cannot approach issues from just one perspective. I believe that if you address issues with such considerations, you will realize that what has so far been done - and will be done in future - will convince every fair-minded individual.

The other issue that was mentioned by friends here was that certain offences - and even crimes - have occurred during the incidents by unknown forces. You referred to the university dormitory or similar incidents. Some dear friends referred mainly to the university dormitory incident. However, some other incidents have also taken place during this time. Some also referred to the Kahrizah incidents.

Such issues are some of the difficulties faced by executive bodies. You should first of all know that those behind such incidents will be seriously dealt with. We do not want to make a big deal of issues. We do not want to issue orders so that they would be aired by media. I do not want to get involved into propaganda. But from the very first days orders have been issued. Some individuals are following up issues. However, one should proceed very carefully.

During that particular night at the university dormitory some great offences took place. Some bad deeds were committed. We have said that a particular case should be opened on the subject, and accurate investigations should be carried out to find criminals. We have said that the criminals should be identified, no

matter to what organization they are affiliated to. They should accordingly be punished. I have already stressed this.

I am grateful for the efforts by our security police, disciplinary forces and the Basij. They have done great jobs. But this is different. If an individual affiliated to any of these organizations has committed a crime or an offence that should be separately dealt with.

Their service will not be neglected because of the offences that they have committed. Their crimes will not be ignored because of their services either. Their crimes should certainly be dealt with, and they will be dealt with.

The same applies to Kahrizak incidents. That was announced. The issue of the university dormitory will be followed up. We have also ordered that separate cases should be opened for those individuals who have lost their dear ones - which are a limited number - and those who have been adversely affected, financially or otherwise. We shall follow up such issues.

But you should bear in mind that none of such issues should be mixed with the main issue after the elections. The main incident should not be overshadowed by such issues. A number of individuals ignore what happened after the elections. They ignore the oppression against the people and the Islamic state. They ignore the discrediting of the state by some individuals before some other nations.

They instead say that Kahrizak or the university dormitory incidents have been the main issues of the country after the elections. This is another injustice. The main issue is something else. The main issue is that people in a great move took part in an enthusiastic and somehow unprecedented election. They cast such a high rate of votes in ballot boxes. Is 85 percent of votes a joke?

The state, which had constantly achieved economic, scientific, political and security progress in the past few years, gained great dignity by the elections. Then we suddenly observe that a move is staged to destroy this honourable event. This is the main issue.

What I'm about to say is my analysis and not based on any news and information. I believe that such action did not start a few days before or after the election. This was pre-planned. I am not accusing the involved people of being foreign agents, such as agents of the U.S. or Britain. I am not making such a claim because such a thing has not been proven to me and I can't talk about something which hasn't been proven. All I can say is that those who spearheaded this current may have known or not known that such a scenario was premeditated. It was a deliberate attempt. All evidence shows that this scenario was pre-planned and a calculated move. Of course, those who masterminded it never thought that it would succeed. After some people started to take some measures which were relatively welcome by some people in Tehran after the election, they became hopeful and thought that their plan had worked and things panned out as they had wanted them to. As a result, you saw the foreign media, electronic and satellite networks entered the scene quickly because a plan which they thought hadn't worked, had actually worked. Fortunately, as always, they misunderstood and misread the situation in Iran and the Iranian people. They received a slap in the face and a punch in the mouth.

Dear students, you must know that they are still hopeful. They are monitoring Iran's affairs. They will not give up any time soon. They already have some operatives and will find more. The universities have to be vigilant. A committed Muslim student, who is interested in his country and has high hopes for the future of his country and his generation, should be vigilant. Be aware that they are making plans. Of course, they will be defeated. I am telling you that at the end they will be defeated. But the amount of our vigilance will have an impact on the extent of the damage and harm they will be able to inflict upon us. If we are vigilant, they can't inflict any damage or harm. But we will have to pay a high price and experience much harm if we become ignorant, emotional, act unwisely or become unaware. At any rate, this was one of the issues which was mentioned here.

One of the subjects discussed was the leadership's support for the government, or the president. Well, this is a clear issue. In fact some of the friends said this as well. The current government and the respected president (Mahmoud Ahmadinejad), just like any other human being in the world, has some strong and weak points. When I supported (Ahmadinejad), I supported the strong points. There are some strengths and I support them. I would support (such points) in anyone. Is it possible that, as per my responsibility, I would not support someone who would show such an interest, direction, movement, and seriousness? Don't I support you, the students, who seek justice? Yes. If the leadership supports a justice-seeking student, will it mean that one (leader) would be supporting that person's possible weak points as well? No. This is the fact. There are some weaknesses and I do not support them.

One of the questions was: Why don't you take a clear stance? There is no need for taking a clear stance. Taking a clear stance towards a weakness in an official cannot really help in solving that issue. Not at all. Sometimes, things can be solved without bringing them out in the open and creating chaos. Sometimes there is no choice but making things public and in that case, one would bring things out in the open. But one should not assume that if there is a shortage or a flaw in the country's executive officials, and the leadership would be against them (shortages), he (leader) should announce that through a loudspeaker. No. Sometimes, it is absolutely in one's (country's) interest not to bring something out in the open. Now, don't say the truth and the prudence. The reciprocity between the truth and prudence is not one of those strong points. Prudence is a truth in itself. Anything that's called prudence is not something negative. That's what some people think. They say you are trying to be prudent. Yes, sometimes one tries to be prudent. Trying to be prudent is a truth that one should pay attention to. Now, this is one of the certainties and clear points in Islam. This is not the time to discuss and analyze it. But it is one of the certainties. Sometimes, it is not advisable to make something public. For instance, imagine there is a tiny bit of a problem and you magnify it ten times and cause despair and anguish. Why

should one do so? It would be better to resolve it in some other way. Therefore, the fact that they do not take an open stance is due to these logical reasons. Let me tell you something, since it is getting late; dear ones, pay attention, you already know this since I saw it mentioned in your remarks too.

Today, the Islamic Republic system is facing a huge war; however it is a soft war. I saw that the concept of soft war has been mentioned in the remarks of you young people. Thanks God; the fact that you are aware of these points makes us very happy.

Now in a soft war, who should come to the front? It is definite that those are the intellectual elite. In other words, you are the young officers in the war front to stand against the soft war.

The questions what you should do, how you should act and how you should define [the situation] are not questions for me to list and answer and tell you to do this and do not do that. These are the questions that you need to answer in your own gatherings, in your own think tanks. You have to reflect [on them] and find out the strategies; however, the [key] aim is evident. The aim is to defend the Islamic system and the Islamic Republic against a full-fledged movement dependent on oppression, hypocrisy, money and huge and advanced scientific and media capabilities. This is our aim. We have to confront this satanic, dangerous movement.

They have a justification to attack the Islamic Republic and in my opinion their justification is, from their point of view, strong. A geographically important part of the world, in other words, the region covering the Middle East, the Persian Gulf, the Red Sea, north Africa, a part of the Mediterranean (area), is a huge zone. It is in this part of the world that the whole Islamic nation lives.

Among the five or six most important and vital canals in the world, three of them are located in this region: the Strait of Hormuz, the Suez Canal, Bab-el-Mandeb. These are important canals on which world trade depends. Have a look at the

map of the world and you will see how important these few centers are for global trade and the economic network.

Therefore, this region is a sensitive one. Now, in this very sensitive region a (new) power is growing, a power whose strength is getting more and more remarkable. This power is against all the arrogant demands and the bodies of companies and great economic corrupt networks. It is against the system of arrogance. It is against hegemony and tyranny. Obviously, this is very important for the arrogant system which does not just consist of the United States and this or that president, or the American administration or this or that European country. The arrogant system is a bigger network that includes these; it includes the Zionist network, the key international businessmen, and the huge monetary centers. The main political issues of the world are plotted by these. They form the governments and they take them down. This network that includes the U.S. government, the European governments, and many wealthy oil-rich (vernacular Naft-khar) countries of our own region. This network is strictly against this growing and distinguished power (Iran) and therefore they (the enemies) do their best to confront it; and they have done whatever they could during the last thirty years. With the passage of time, they do more. If you young people exert effort to advance the country scientifically and economically and to boost its security to the extent that its vulnerability comes to an end, in that situation, they will withdraw and the conspiracies will be finished.

If during these years I have kept on emphasizing to the universities (the importance of) science, research, innovation, the software movement and the link between industry and the universities, it was because science is one of the pillars of your country's long-term security. I tell you now: be careful, universities must not be affected by these minor and insignificant political issues.

The scientific role of the universities should not be disrupted. Our laboratories, classes and research centers should not suffer any damage. You should be watchful. One of the important issues facing you is [the need] to secure the

scientific movement in universities. The enemies very much like to see our universities closed and troubled, even if for a short time, by disorders, turmoil and a variety of disturbances. This is what they favor politically and in the long run, since, in the long term, it is not in their interest that you become knowledgeable. Therefore they want you not to seek knowledge.

Now, you young people -- whom we called the young officers to confront the soft war -- do not ask me: what is our role in demolishing the current Zerar mosque? (An ironic reference to a mosque mentioned in the Koran) Go and find out the answer yourself; you should find answers to [your other questions on] the fight against the new discord and the definition of justice.

I cannot give you a philosophical lecture on the definitions of justice. The funny thing is that the gentleman (not further identified) has asked me to define justice in one sentence. (People laugh.) There is a story about a man who took his son to Najaf to become a seminarian like Sheikh (Morteza) Ansari (the Iranian cleric and religious scholar in the 19th Century), since he was impressed with the seminarians' success and Sheikh Ansari's great personality. He went to Sheikh Ansari and said: "Sheikh, I have brought my young son to you and I respectfully beg you to turn him into a scholar before tomorrow when we depart to our homeland." (People laugh.)

My dear ones, let me tell you just one more thing. The main requirement for you to act appropriately in this very front against the soft war is to have an optimistic and hopeful viewpoint. Your point of view must be optimistic. I am as old as the grandfathers of some of you. My outlook towards the future is positive. It is not because I suffer from illusions; my optimism is due to insightfulness. You are young. You are the heart of optimism. Take care not to have a negative approach towards the future. Your approach should be positive and not one of despair. Being despaired about the future will lead to passivity and isolation. Despair bears no dynamism and action and lack of dynamism is exactly what the enemy wants.

The second requirement is to avoid going to extremes. It is in the nature of the young to be active and passionate. We have been young too, and we were young at the time of the revolution and the beginning of struggles and fights. I know what is being passionate. We were frequently being advised to avoid being passionate and we believed that [those who advised us] did not comprehend how being passionate is necessary. (People laugh.) I know how you think; however listen to what I say. Be careful to avoid being immoderate. Being immoderate does not help human beings to advance. [Action must be accompanied] with contemplation. Of course the young generations today are more reflective than their predecessors.

Today you have much more knowledge and experience than we did and your situation can not be compared to situation of the young generations fifty years ago. Therefore it is not too much to expect you to reflect on [political] issues wisely and without going to the extremes. Meanwhile, you should also know that what happened following the election -- in other words the main events -- was not very surprising to us; however we were surprised by the persons who got involved in them. We hope that the God Almighty will give us an opportunity to talk to you on other occasions and maybe at universities since we did not have enough time today.

(In Arabic) Peace and blessings of God be upon you.

(Description of Source: Tehran Vision of the Islamic Republic of Iran Network 1 in Persian -- state-run television)

دیدار هزاران نفر از دانشجویان، نخبگان علمی - فرهنگی دانشگاهها

دانشجویان دانشگاههای مختلف، نخبگان علمی – فرهنگی دانشگاهها و «اعضا و نمایندگان» تشکلهای مختلف دانشجویی، عصر امروز در فضایی صمیمانه و پرنشاط با حضرت آیت الله خامنه ای رهبر معظم انقلاب

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اسلامی، دیدار کردند.
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در این دیدار نمایندگان تشکلهای دانشجویی، و «نخبگان علمی و فرهنگی دانشگاهها» به بیان دیدگاههای خود درباره مسائل مختلف دانشگاهی – علمی – اجتماعی – فرهنگی و سیاسی پرداختند.

## آقایان و خانمها:

-علیر ضا آر امی نژ اد – نماینده اتحادیه جامعه اسلامی دانشجویان از دانشگاه بو علی سینا همدان

-علی پیران نژاد - رتبه اول کارشناسی ارشد و برنده جایزه علمی بنیاد ملی نخبگان از دانشگاه تهران

-زهرا احمدی – عضو شورای مرکزی دفتر تحکیم وحدت از دانشگاه الزهرا

-شعبان علیزاده – دانشجوی نمونه کشوری سال 1384 و رتبه اول کارشناسی ارشد و دانشجوی دکترای دانشگاه تربیت مدرس

-سعید سلیمانی - نماینده بسیج دانشجویی از دانشگاه علم و صنعت

-محمدعلی صمیمی - نخبه فعال فرهنگی از دانشگاه شهید رجایی

-مهدی اجرایی طوسی - نماینده اتحادیه انجمن اسلامی دانشجویان مستقل

-سیدمجتبی منتظری – از دانشگاه آزاد اسلامی- نماینده سازمان اسلامی دانشجویان ایران

-سارا مشحون - نخبه علمی، دارنده مدال از المپیاد بین المللی نجوم از دانشگاه صنعتی شریف

-سیدحسن فغان موملی - نماینده جنبش عدالتخواه دانشجویی از دانشگاه صنعتی شاهرود

و على عسكرى - فعال دانشجويي از دانشگاه صنعتى شريف در سخنان خود بر اين موارد تأكيد كردند:

-تقویت اعتماد به نفس ملی به ویژه در مجامع دانشگاهی به عنوان زمینه افزایش شتاب نهضت نرم افزاری

-معرفی جذاب مفاخر و تاریخ پرافتخار علمی ایران به نسل جوان

-ضرورت تدوین مدل ایرانی – اسلامی برای پیشرفت علمی کشور

-پر هیز از وادادگی و احساس ضعف در مقابل پارادایم ها و گفتمانهای غالب غربی

-ضرورت رسیدگی قضایی سریع، قاطع و قانع کننده به حادثه کوی دانشگاه و دلجویی از دانشجویان آسیب دیده

الزوم پاسخگویی مسببان و محرکان فتنه اخیر در مقابل افکار عمومی

-ضرورت بصیرت و هوشیاری نخبگان در قبال توطئه ها و فتنه ها

-توجه حقیقی به علوم انسانی به عنوان زیربنای رشد و پیشرفت جامعه و کشور

-برخور د بدون اغماض قوه قضاییه با فساد مالی و قانون شکنی در هر رده و سطحی

-ایستادگی قاطع و مدبرانه در مقابل هرگونه دخالت بیگانگان از جمله امریکا و انگلیس در امور داخلی ایران

-ضرورت بازخوانی عمیق اندیشه های راهبردی حضرت امام خمینی (ره) درباره «ولایت فقیه«

-راه اندازی سریعتر کرسی های آزاداندیشی در دانشگاهها

-تعامل بیشتر رئیس جمهور و دولت با نخبگان و گسترش حلقه مشاورت دولت

لزوم شایسته سالاری و نفی دیدگاههای جنسیتی

-اطلاع رسانی دقیق و جامع درباره مسائل و رویدادها به افکار عمومی

-ضرورت ایجاد نظامی جامع برای تحقیقات دانشگاهی و جلوگیری از موازی کاری در پژوهشهای دانشجویی و دانشگاهی

-توجه کامل به الزامات چهارگانه دهه پیشرفت و عدالت یعنی» تقویت بنیه علمی – توجه به مطالبات روز افزون و به حق نسل دانشجو – تقویت روند عدالت خواهی نسل سوم و ترویج گفتمان «انقلاب، امام و رهبری« -برنامه ریزی صحیح و کارآمد برای مقابله علمی و جامع با جنگ نرم و جنگ روانی بیگانگان

-برخورد هوشیارانه با ظهور جریان پیچیده نفاق جدید به عنوان نمادی از مسجد ضرار

-تقویت حرکتهای «جهادی» دانشجویی در عرصه سازندگی و محرومیت زدایی، و پرهیز از دولتی شدن اینگونه فعالیتها

-درک پیام حقیقی حضور 85 درصدی مردم در انتخابات ریاست جمهوری به عنوان رأی اعتماد ملت به نظام مردم سالاری دینی

-تلاش بی وقفه همه مسئولان برای یاسخ به عدالت خواهی ملت

-تدبیر بیشتر مسئولان دستگاهها در مقابل حوادث مختلف اجتماعی - سیاسی

-نقد منصفانه و ارزیابی واقع بینانه عملکرد مسئولان

-اجرای همه اصول قانون اساسی از جمله اصول مربوط به تأمین معیشتی و اجتماعی قشر های مختلف مردم پس از سخنان نمایندگان دانشجویان و تشکلهای دانشجویی حضرت آیت الله خامنه ای با اشاره به برخی سخنان متین، دقیق و تحلیلهای صحیح دانشجویان در این دیدار روحیه پرجوش، پژوهنده، مطالبه گر، پراحساس و پر عاطفه نسل جوان دانشجویی را تضمین کننده آینده کشور و آینده اسلام و امت اسلامی دانستند و تأکید کردند: مجموعه های دانشجویی مسلمان و مؤمن با همه اختلاف نامها، نوید آینده درخشان ایران و جمهوری اسلامی به شمار می آیند.

ر هبر انقلاب اسلامی با اشاره به سخنان چند نفر از دانشجویان درباره لزوم برخورد و محاکمه مجرمان پشت پرده حوادث اخیر خاطرنشان کردند: در مسائلی با این درجه از اهمیت، نباید با حدس و گمان و براساس شایعه حرکت کرد.

ایشان، نظام اسلامی را محصول مجاهدتهای عظیم ملت ایران در سی سال اخیر خواندند و افزودند: همه مطمئن باشند که در مقابل جرم و جنایت هیچگونه اغماضی نخواهد شد اما در مسائلی به این اهمیت، دستگاه قضا باید براساس دلایل محکم قضاوت کند و حتی اگر برای بسیاری از شایعات، شواهد و قرینه هایی وجود داشته باشد این شواهد نمی تواند مبنای قضاوت قرار گیرد.

حضرت آیت الله خامنه ای در همین زمینه تأکید کردند: کار هایی که نظام در سطح کلان انجام می دهد باید با ملاحظه همه مسائل و پر هیز از نگاه یک بعدی صورت گیرد و اگر از این زاویه به فعالیتهای صورت گرفته در این زمینه و فعالیتهای آینده نگاه شود، هر ذهن با انصافی قانع خواهد شد.

حضرت آیت الله خامنه ای با اشاره به سخنان دانشجویان درباره لزوم پیگیری دستور ر هبری در برخورد با حادثه کوی دانشگاه و مسئله کهریزک افزودند: در حوادث پس از انتخابات تخلفات و جنایاتی صورت گرفته است

که بطور قطع با آنها برخورد خواهد شد.

ایشان با تأکید بر لزوم پر هیز از کار های صرفاً تبلیغاتی در موضوع برخورد با عاملان کوی دانشگاه و حوادث مشابه افزودند: کار تبلیغاتی لازم نیست اما از اولین روز ها دستور اکید داده شد که ضمن مراقبت و دقت لازم با اینگونه مسائل برخورد قاطع شود.

حضرت آیت الله خامنه ای خاطرنشان کردند: در حادثه کوی دانشگاه تخلفات بزرگی انجام شده که پرونده ویژه ای برای آن تشکیل شده تا مجرمان بدون توجه به وابستگی سازمانی، به مجازات برسند.

حضرت آیت الله خامنه ای با تشکر و تقدیر از خدمات پلیس امنیت، پلیس انتظامی و بسیج خاطرنشان کردند: این خدمات بزرگ نباید موجب رسیدگی نکردن به برخی جرائم شود و اگر کسی با وابستگی به هر کدام از این سازمانها، تخلف و جرمی مرتکب شده، باید کاملاً رسیدگی شود.

ایشان با تأکید بر رسیدگی به آسیب دیدگان در مسئله کهریزک و همینطور بررسی موضوع معدود کسانی که در این مسئله جان باخته اند افزودند: البته اینگونه مسائل نباید با مسئله اصلی بعد از انتخابات خلط مبحث شود. رهبر انقلاب اسلامی در همین زمینه افزودند: عده ای، ظلم بزرگی را که پس از انتخابات به مردم و نظام اسلامی شد و هتک آبروی نظام در مقابل ملتها را نادیده می گیرند و مسئله کهریزک یا کوی دانشگاه را قضیه اصلی قلمداد می کنند اما این نگاه، خود یک ظلم آشکار است.

ایشان در تشریح مسئله اصلی پس از انتخابات افزودند: نظام اسلامی با پیشرفتهای متعدد سالهای اخیر، در مرحله ای عالی از امتیاز و آبروی منطقه ای و جهانی قرار داشت و مشارکت 85 درصدی و پرشکوه ملت بر این موقعیت می افزود اما ناگهان حرکتی برای نابود کردن این حادثه افتخار آمیز صورت گرفت که به اعتقاد من از قبل طراحی شده بود.

حضرت آیت الله خامنه ای تأکید کردند: من، پیش قراولان حوادث اخیر را به دست نشاندگی بیگانگان از جمله امریکا و انگلیس متهم نمی کنم چرا که این موضوع برای من ثابت نشده است اما تردیدی وجود ندارد که این جریان، چه مسئولان و پیش قراولان آن بدانند و چه ندانند جریانی حساب شده بود. البته طراحان این جریان یقین نداشتند که طرح آنها اجرایی می شود اما تحرکات بعضی افراد پس از انتخابات، آنها را امیدوار کرد به گونه ای که طراحان اصلی با گسیل همه وسائل و امکانات رسانه ای و الکترونیکی خود به میدان، حضور خود و عواملشان را در صحنه تشدید کردند.

حضرت آیت الله خامنه ای با اشاره به شکست این توطئه تأکید کردند: خوشبختانه دشمنان همچنان مسائل ایران را بد می فهمند و ملت ایران را نمی شناسند به همین علت در حوادث اخیر نیز از ملت تو دهنی و سیلی خوردند اما هنوز ناامید نیستند و ماجرا را رها نمی کنند.

ر هبر انقلاب اسلامی با تأکید بر لزوم هوشیاری مردم به ویژه همه دانشجویانی که به اسلام، ایران و آینده خود علاقمندند، افزودند: طراحان حوادث اخیر، صحنه گردانانی دارند و صحنه گردانان دیگری نیز پیدا می کنند البته همه تحرکات و تحریکات آنان به فضل الهی، شکست خواهد خورد اما هوشیاری و بیداری آحاد مردم به ویژه جوانان ضرر و زیان اینگونه تحرکات و جریانها را کاهش می دهد.

ایشان درباره حوادث پس از انتخابات همچنین خاطرنشان کردند: اصل حوادث خیلی خلاف انتظار نبود اما اشخاصی که وارد صحنه شدند خلاف انتظار ما بود .

ر هبر انقلاب اسلامی در بخش دیگری از سخنانشان درباره حمایتهای ر هبری از دولت و رئیس جمهور خاطرنشان کردند: دولت کنونی و رئیس جمهور محترم، مثل همه انسانها، دارای نقاط ضعف و قوت هستند و بنده فقط از نقاط قوت حمایت می کنم و هرکس دیگری نیز این گرایش، تحرک و جدیت را از خود نشان دهد مورد حمایت من خواهد بود.

حضرت آیت الله خامنه ای در همین زمینه خاطرنشان کردند : تأکید بر نقاط ضعف، به سیاه نمایی و ناامیدی می انجامد ضمن اینکه موضع گیری علنی در مقابل نقاط ضعف، بسیاری از مواقع به حل مشکل کمکی نمی کند بنابر این و بر اساس منطق، فقط هنگامی که چاره دیگری نباشد باید در مقابل نقاط ضعف، موضع علنی گرفت . رهبر انقلاب اسلامی با اشاره به جنگ نرم عظیمی که دشمنان در مقابل ملت ایران و نظام اسلامی به راه انداخته اند، نخبگان فکری از جمله دانشجویان را به هوشیاری و فعالیت مبتنی بر فکر و تدبر در این عرصه فراخواندند و افزودند: دانشجویان عزیز، افسران جوان ایران و جمهوری اسلامی در جبهه مقابله با جنگ نرم دشمنان و جریان شیطانی متکی بر زور و تزویر و یول هستند.

ایشان در تبیین علت دشمنی سلطه گران با جمهوری اسلامی، به موقعیت استراتژیک امت اسلامی در مناطق حساس جهان اشاره کردند و افزودند :در این منطقه بسیار حساس، جمهوری اسلامی با قدرت روز افزون خود در مقابل سلطه گران جهانی ایستاده است و طبعاً شبکه بزرگ صهیونیستی، کمپانیهای جهانی و مراکز پولی که عرصه سیاسی امریکا و اروپا را نیز هدایت و اداره می کنند قدرت عظیم ملت ایران و جمهوری اسلامی را دشمن می پندارند و با آن مقابله می کنند.

ر هبر انقلاب اسلامی با اشاره به تداوم خصومت زورگویان جهانی با نظام اسلامی خاطرنشان کردند: این توطئه ها تنها هنگامی پایان خواهد یافت که ایران به همت جوانانش از لحاظ علمی – اقتصادی و امنیتی به نقطه ای برسد که امکان آسیب رساندن به آن، نزدیک به صفر شود و به همین علت است که بنده همیشه دانشگاهها را به تولید علم و نهضت نرم افزاری فرامی خوانم چرا که برتری علمی را یک رکن امنیت باندمدت کشور می دانم. رهبر انقلاب اسلامی با هشدار به دانشجویان و دانشگاهیان درباره طرح دشمنان برای ایجاد اختلال در کار علمی دانشگاهها افزودند: همه مراقبت کنند در این مسائل سیاسی کوچک و حقیر، کار علمی دانشگاهها و کلاسها و مراکز تحقیقاتی دچار آسیب نشود و هدف آشکار و مشخص دشمن برای اینکه حداقل مدتی دانشگاهها را به تعطیلی و تشنج و اختلال بکشاند محقق نگردد.

ر هبر انقلاب اسلامی، نگاه امیدوارانه و خوشبینانه به آینده را باعث تقویت جبهه ملت ایران در مقابل جنگ نرم دشمنان دانستند و افزودند: این خوشبینی، متکی بر تحلیلِ واقع بینانه است و جوانان عزیز دانشجو باید ضمن پر هیز از افراط و تفریط در برخورد با مسائل مختلف و با تکیه بر فکر و تدبر و تأمل، به وظایف سنگین خود در پیشرفت علمی کشور و دفاع از ایران عزیز در مقابل جنگ نرم بیگانگان طمع ورز ادامه دهند.

در پایان این دیدار نماز مغرب و عشا به امامت حضرت آیت الله خامنه ای اقامه شد و دانشجویان، روزه خود را همراه با رهبر انقلاب اسلامی افطار کردند.